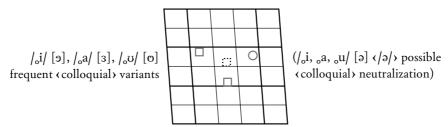
Here are some obvious (but annoying) misprints and slips. Others are more banal and will not be included here. We and some (even English native-speaker) friends did try to do our best...

## A Handbook of Pronunciation (2005)

In  $\mathfrak{G}$  2 (on English), § 2.2.1.2, we find: (Otherwise, /f, v/ may become *labiodental* (constrictives): [m $\varphi$ , m $\beta$ ]. Of course, from true labiodental they become *bilabial*, as shown by the simbols [ $\varphi$ ,  $\beta$ ], which are the corresponding *canIPA* phones for bilabial constrictives, different from those for bilabial approximants, [ $\varphi$ ,  $\beta$ ] (without resorting to some cumbersome discritics).

On p. 315, fig 9.3 (for Arabic) deals both with neutralizations and variants.



In \$\mathcal{G}\$ 4 (on French, \$\\$ 4.2.2, p. 158), the reference to complete voicing assimilation is \$to\$ the second element (of course, not \$of\$ it).